

Linus  
Gasser  
Lead Engineer  
Center for Digital  
Trust (C4DT)

*ergon*

Roman  
Wixinger  
Data Scientist  
Data & AI Team



How to create  
reproducible and  
shareable  
computing  
environments

## Re-runnable code is all you need

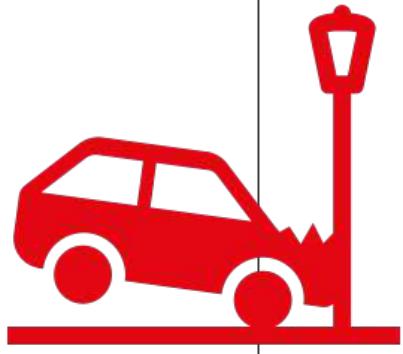


RSE@ETHZ  
Meetup 2024/11

# Re-Runnable Code is All You Need

1. Introduction
2. Deep Dive Devbox
3. Case Studies
4. Conclusion

# Introduction: Personal experience



RSE@ETH RSE@ETHZ

About Events Blog Resources Search... Dark

## RSECon24 - The RSE Community conference 2024

September 12, 2024 - Linus Gasser, Uwe Schmitt, Roman Wixinger

The UK conference for the research software engineering community, [RSECon24](#), was held in Newcastle-upon-Tyne on 3-5 September. The yearly conference is organised and run by a team of volunteers from the Society for Research Software Engineering [RSESoc](#) and is offered as a hybrid conference with 400 attendees onsite and around 80 online this year.

The organisers aim to provide a relevant, inclusive and engaging conference experience for the RSE community, with a balanced and varied programme that caters for all roles and skill levels, celebrating achievements and showcasing impactful software in research.

An important aspect of this is to create an environment where people from all backgrounds can fully participate and contribute, ensuring that each attendee feels valued, respected and empowered to learn and grow.



On this page

- Personal impressions Uwe Schmitt
- Personal impressions Roman Wixinger
- Personal impressions Linus Gasser

I tried to update  
this text

# Rse.ethz.ch - devbox.json

```
{  
  "packages": [  
    "hugo@latest", "git@latest", "nodejs@latest",  
    "pre-commit", "emacs", "vim@latest", "openssh@latest",  
  ],  
  "shell": {  
    "init_hook": [  
      "if [ ! -f src/themes/hextra/theme.toml ]; then git submodule  
      init && git submodule update; fi",  
      "npm install --silence spellchecker-cli @divriots/jampack",  
      "pre-commit install",  
    ],  
  },  
}
```

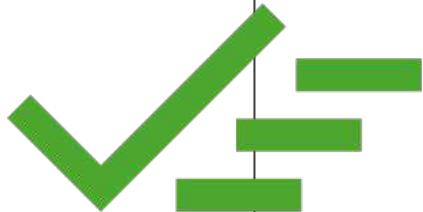


# Rse.ethz.ch - devbox.json

```
"scripts": {  
    "server": [  
        "cd src && hugo server --disableFastRender -D",  
    ],  
    "build": [  
        "cd src && rm -rf public && hugo && npx @divriots/jampack public  
        --nocache",  
    ],  
    "check-spelling": [  
        "./check_spelling.sh --files src/content/**/*.{md}",  
    ],  
} } }
```



# Introduction: Personal experience



RSE@ETH RSE@ETHZ

About Events Blog Resources Search... Dark

## RSECon24 - The RSE Community conference 2024

September 12, 2024 - Linus Gasser, Uwe Schmitt, Roman Wixinger

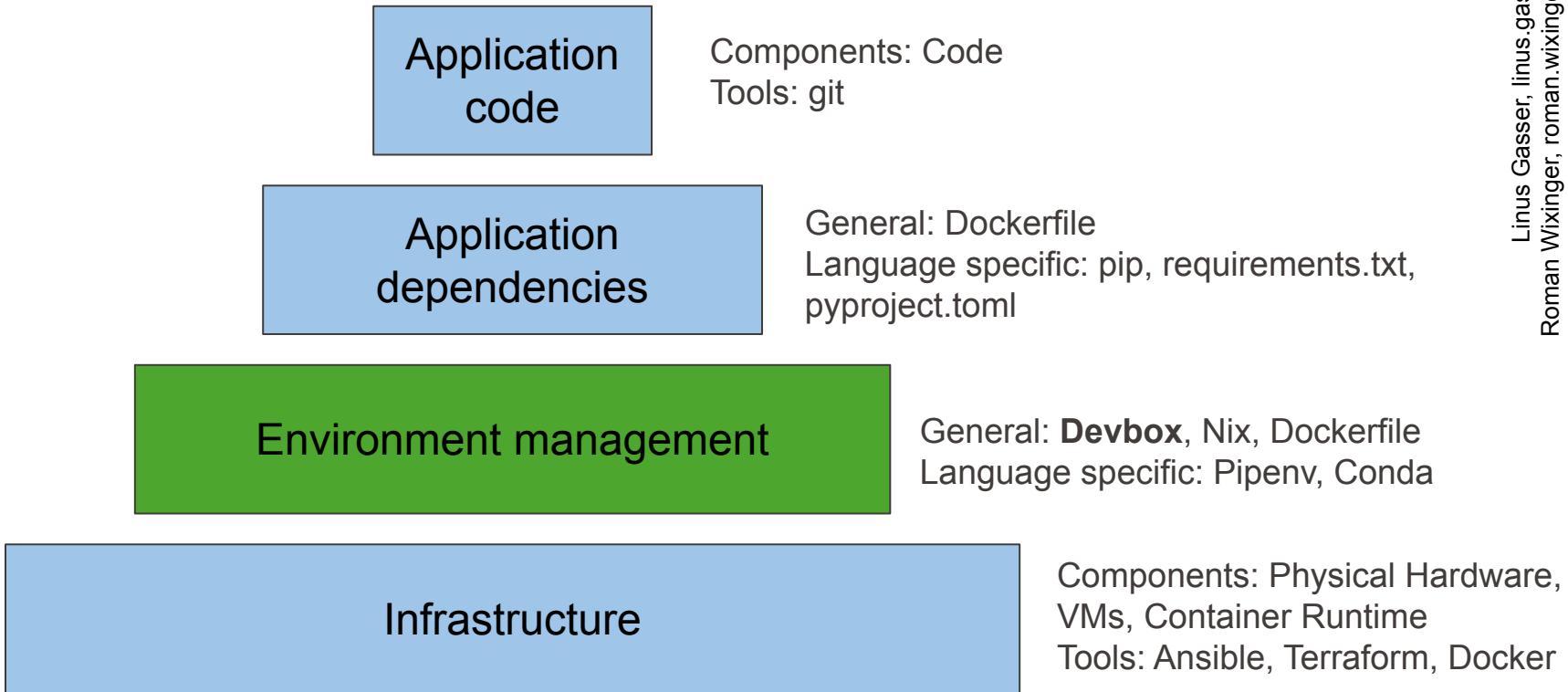
The UK conference for the research software engineering community, [RSECon24](#), was held in Newcastle-upon-Tyne on 3-5 September. The yearly conference is organised and run by a team of volunteers from the Society for Research Software Engineering [RSESoc](#) and is offered as a hybrid conference with 400 attendees onsite and around 80 online this year.

The organisers aim to provide a relevant, inclusive and engaging conference experience for the RSE community, with a balanced and varied programme that caters for all roles and skill levels, celebrating achievements and showcasing impactful software in research.

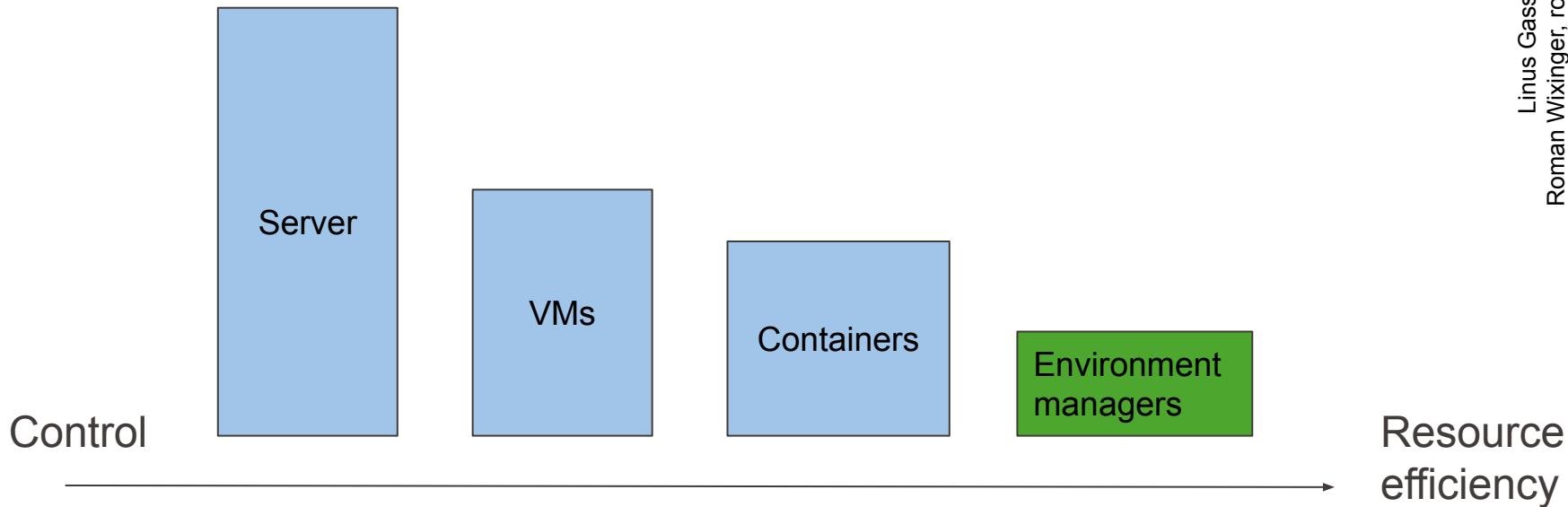
An important aspect of this is to create an environment where people from all backgrounds can fully participate and contribute, ensuring that each attendee feels valued, respected and empowered to learn and grow.



# Introduction: Tooling layers



# Introduction: Resource efficiency



# Introduction: Why you want to make your environments re-runnable



Faster onboarding of the team members



Less version errors:  
higher productivity



Experiments can be re-run by others

Useful reference: Benureau, F. C., & Rougier, N. P. (2018). Re-run, repeat, reproduce, reuse, replicate: transforming code into scientific contributions. *Frontiers in neuroinformatics*, 11, 69.

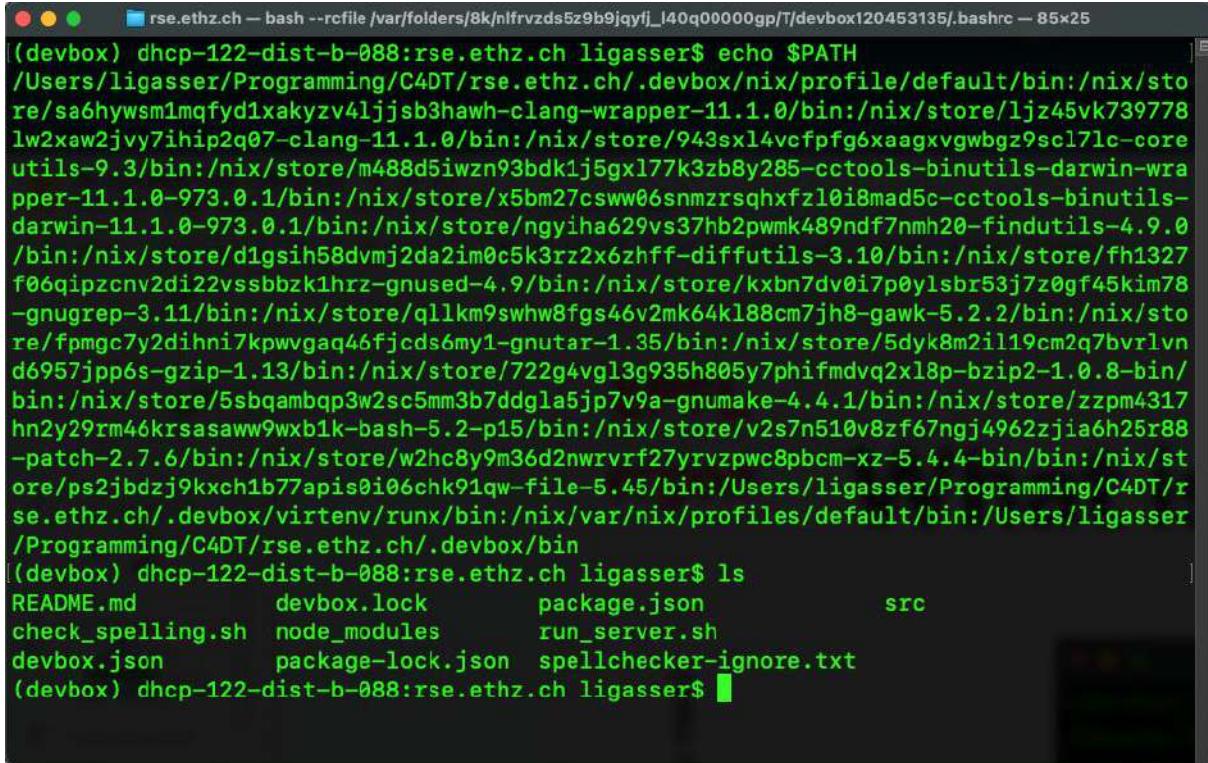
# Re-Runnable Code is All You Need

1. Introduction
2. Deep Dive Devbox
3. Case Studies
4. Conclusion

# Deep Dive Devbox

- Tools for Environment Managers
- Devbox - what is it?
- Simple use-case
  - Different version of Node.js
- Github actions

# What is an Environment?



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "rse.ethz.ch — bash --rcfile /var/folders/8k/nlfrvzds5z9b9jyfj\_l40q00000gp/T/devbox120453135/.bashrc — 85x25". The terminal displays the output of a shell script named "devbox". The output includes the full PATH environment variable, which is extremely long and lists many Nix store paths for various tools like clang, gawk, gnutar, and diffutils. It also shows the command "ls" being run, listing files such as README.md, devbox.lock, package.json, src, check\_spelling.sh, node\_modules, run\_server.sh, devbox.json, package-lock.json, and spellchecker-ignore.txt.

```
(devbox) dhcp-122-dist-b-088:rse.ethz.ch ligasser$ echo $PATH
/Users/ligasser/Programming/C4DT/rse.ethz.ch/.devbox/nix/profile/default/bin:/nix/store/sa6hywsm1mqfyd1xakyzv4ljjsb3hawh-clang-wrapper-11.1.0/bin:/nix/store/ljz45vk739778lw2xaw2jvy7ihip2q07-clang-11.1.0/bin:/nix/store/943sx14vcfpfg6xaagxvgwbgz9sc17lc-coreutils-9.3/bin:/nix/store/m488d5iwzn93bdk1j5gx177k3zb8y285-cctools-binutils-darwin-wrapperr-11.1.0-973.0.1/bin:/nix/store/x5bm27csww06snmzrsqhfz10i8mad5c-cctools-binutils-darwin-11.1.0-973.0.1/bin:/nix/store/ngyiha629vs37hb2pwmk489ndf7nmh20-findutils-4.9.0/bin:/nix/store/d1gsih58dvmj2da2im0c5k3rz2x6zhff-diffutils-3.10/bin:/nix/store/fh1327f06qipzcnv2di22vssbbzk1hrz-gnused-4.9/bin:/nix/store/kxbn7dv0i7p0ylsbr53j7z0gf45kim78-gnugrep-3.11/bin:/nix/store/qllkm9swhw8fgs46v2mk64kl88cm7jh8-gawk-5.2.2/bin:/nix/store/fpmgc7y2dihni7kpwvgaq46fjcds6my1-gnutar-1.35/bin:/nix/store/5dyk8m2il19cm2q7bvrlvd6957jpp6s-gzip-1.13/bin:/nix/store/722g4vgl3g935h805y7phifmdvq2x18p-bzip2-1.0.8-bin/bin:/nix/store/5sbqambqp3w2sc5mm3b7ddgla5jp7v9a-gnumake-4.4.1/bin:/nix/store/zzpm4317hn2y29rm46krsasaww9wxb1k-bash-5.2-p15/bin:/nix/store/v2s7n510v8zf67ngj4962zjia6h25r88-patch-2.7.6/bin:/nix/store/w2hc8y9m36d2nwrvrf27yrvzpwc8pbcm-xz-5.4.4-bin/bin:/nix/store/ps2jbdzj9kxch1b77apis0i06chk91qw-file-5.45/bin:/Users/ligasser/Programming/C4DT/rse.ethz.ch/.devbox/virtenv/runx/bin:/nix/var/nix/profiles/default/bin:/Users/ligasser/Programming/C4DT/rse.ethz.ch/.devbox/bin
(devbox) dhcp-122-dist-b-088:rse.ethz.ch ligasser$ ls
README.md      devbox.lock      package.json          src
check_spelling.sh  node_modules   run_server.sh
devbox.json     package-lock.json  spellchecker-ignore.txt
(devbox) dhcp-122-dist-b-088:rse.ethz.ch ligasser$
```

# What do you use for re-runnable environments?

# Tools for Managing the Environment

Tool	Comments
Devbox	Sweet spot of simplicity and usability
(Ana Micro)Conda	Not really OSS - Licensing issues in Anaconda Less packages than nix
Spack	Very powerful with very detailed compilation options No public binary packages yet
DevEnv / Nix	Based on nix (tvix) Too powerful for me - onboarding is too long

# Devbox - TLDR;

**Portable:** runs on your laptop, github workflows, your customers' laptop, docker, ...

**Isolated Dev Environment:** use *that* version of node, golang, rust, java, etc. - isolation per shell

**On any Machine:** works on Linux, Mac, Windows WSL

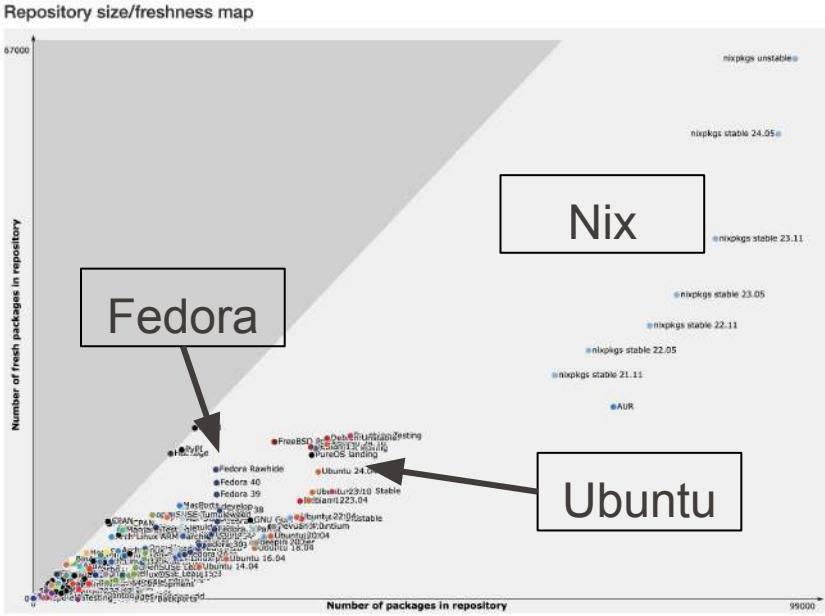
**Many many packages:** over 400,000 versions of 80,000 packages powered by Nix

**Portable, Isolated  
Dev Environments  
on any Machine**

Devbox creates isolated, reproducible development environments that run anywhere. No Docker containers or Nix lang required

# How does it work?

- Uses packages from Nix
  - Name it, nix got it
- Versions are stored in *devbox.json* and *devbox.lock*
- Run your project in the **devbox shell** Environment
  - Installation is per-shell
  - Can be automated using `direnv`
- Devbox sets PATH variable to those versions



# Show & Tell: 1 computer but many node versions

# Simple Use-Case

First project with nodejs version 20, another with version 22

- Create directory and initialize devbox  
`$ mkdir clash20 && cd clash20 && devbox init`  
This creates an example `devbox.json`
- Install some packages  
`$ devbox add nodejs@20 vim git`  
Devbox either uses the local cache at /nix, or downloads the packages.
- Start using this environment  
`$ devbox shell --pure # Don't include system path`  
`$ node --version`  
`v20.15.1 # At the time of this writing`

# Simple Use-Case

Second project, but with nodejs version 22

- Create directory and initialize devbox

```
$ mkdir clash22 && cd clash22 && devbox init  
$ devbox add nodejs@22 vim git  
$ devbox shell --pure  
$ node --version  
v22.5.1
```

- Check nodejs version of other project

```
$ exit  
$ cd ../../clash20  
$ devbox run -- node --version  
v20.15.1
```

# devbox.json

```
{  
  "$schema": "https://raw.../devbox.schema.json",  
  "packages": [  
    "nodejs@22",  
    "git@latest",  
    "vim@latest"  
  ],  
  "shell": {  
    "init_hook": [  
      "npm ci"  
    ],  
    "scripts": {  
      "test": [  
        "npm test"  
      ]  
    } } }
```

Packages and versions

Startup commands

Allows for simple scripting

To run it:

devbox run test

# And more

- Commands / Scripting:
  - use like a Makefile
- Github actions:
  - **uses: jetify-com/devbox-install-action@v0.9.0**
- Create Dockerfile:
  - devbox build dockerfile
- Manage services:
  - similar to docker-compose.yaml

# Re-Runnable Code is All You Need

1. Introduction
2. Deep Dive Devbox
3. **Case Study**
4. Conclusion

Do you use a full CI/CD  
pipeline?  
(Testing - Package publishing -  
Deploying)

# Case study - [github.com/ineiti/fledger](https://github.com/ineiti/fledger)

Using devbox to:

- Easier onboarding of students
  - Install the rust toolchain
  - Include the wasm rust toolchain
- Only one source of tool versions
  - local installation, github-actions, Dockerfile versions
- Github actions for CI/CD
  - Testing
  - Building docker files
  - Updating live servers (unchanged)

# Fledger - devbox.json rustup installation

```
{  
    "packages": { "rustup": "latest", "trunk": "latest",  
                 "wasm-pack": "latest" },  
    "shell": {  
        "init_hook": [  
            "if [ ! -d $RUSTUP_HOME/toolchains/stable* ]; then  
                rustup default stable; fi",  
            "if [ ! -d $RUSTUP_HOME/toolchains/stable*/lib/\br/>                rustlib/wasm32-unknown-unknown ]; then  
                rustup target add wasm32-unknown-unknown; fi",  
        ],  
    } }
```

# Fledger - Single Source of Versions

Same version **locally**, in **github actions**, and in **Dockerfiles**:

```
-      - name: Install trunk
-        run: which trunk || cargo install --locked trunk
-
-      - uses: jetli/wasm-pack-action@v0.3.0
+ +    - name: Install devbox
+      uses: jetify-com/devbox-install-action@v0.11.0
        with:
```

# Fledger - github workflow

Replace direct calls with

devbox run --

so they use devbox

Profit!

```
-      - name: Run cargo_build
-      shell: bash
-      run: |
-          make cargo_build
+      run: devbox run -- make cargo_build
```

# Fledger - Building Dockerfiles

```
FROM debian:bookworm-slim

RUN apt update && apt install patchelf

COPY target-common/release/flsignal flsignal
RUN patchelf --set-interpreter /usr/lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2 flsignal

FROM debian:bookworm-slim
WORKDIR /fledger
COPY --from=0 flsignal /fledger/flsignal

ENTRYPOINT [ "/fledger/flsignal", "-vv" ]
```

# Most difficult language re-runnable wise?

# The good, the bad, and the ugly

## The Good

- Very simple configuration file
- Based on nix - huge collection of packages

## The Bad

- JSON configuration files - YAML would be nicer
- Some packages differ between platforms (e.g., psutils)
- Non-system compiler (openssl, rust-Security)
- No common shell history

## The Ugly

- Non-root installation of devbox and nix is buggy (work in progress)

# Re-Runnable Code is All You Need

1. Introduction
2. Deep Dive Devbox
3. Case Studies
4. Conclusion

# Benefits of proper environment management

- **Time savings:** Streamlines onboarding, allowing new team members to get started faster.
  - Tip: A thorough onboarding document can save weeks of time.
- **Scientific impact:** Enhances the adoption of research findings and code by others.
  - Insight: This is based on our experience.
- **Productivity:** Reduces errors from version mismatches and environment issues.
- **Portability:** Makes research code more portable, enabling automation and cross-domain applications.

# Conclusion

- Environment management isn't glamorous, but the productivity gains are!
- Devbox simplifies managing multiple environments by isolating them on a per-folder basis.
- For deployment, Devbox integrates seamlessly with Docker, eliminating the need to list endless dependencies in the Dockerfile.
- As RSEs, we have a responsibility to empower students and researchers with the right tools for effective and reproducible research.

# Conclusion

- Environment management isn't glamorous, but the productivity gains are!
- Devbox simplifies managing multiple environments by isolating them on a per-folder basis.
- For deployment, Devbox integrates seamlessly with Docker, eliminating the need to manage endless dependencies in the Dockerfile.
- As RSEs, we have a responsibility to empower students and researchers with the right tools for effective and reproducible research.

checkout the Java Spring Boot Demo provided by  
Jaime:  
<https://github.com/eth-library/devbox-spring-demo>

# Case Study - Tutorial Java Project [4]

- Easy installation
- Maven packages installation
  - per project - more space, but separation
  - global - faster installation, might collide

Some problems:

- How to run multi-line github actions with devbox?
  - Use devbox scripts

[4] <https://github.com/eth-library/devbox-spring-demo> by Jaime Cardozo from the ETH Library

Linus  
Gasser  
Lead Engineer  
Center for Digital  
Trust (C4DT)

*ergon*

Roman  
Wixinger  
Data Scientist  
Data & AI Team



**Re-runnable  
code is all  
you need**

Special  
thanks go  
to Jaime  
and Uwe!



RSE@ETHZ  
Meetup 2024/11

Linus  
Gasser  
Lead Engineer  
Center for Digital  
Trust (C4DT)

*ergon*

Roman  
Wixinger  
Data Scientist  
Data & AI Team



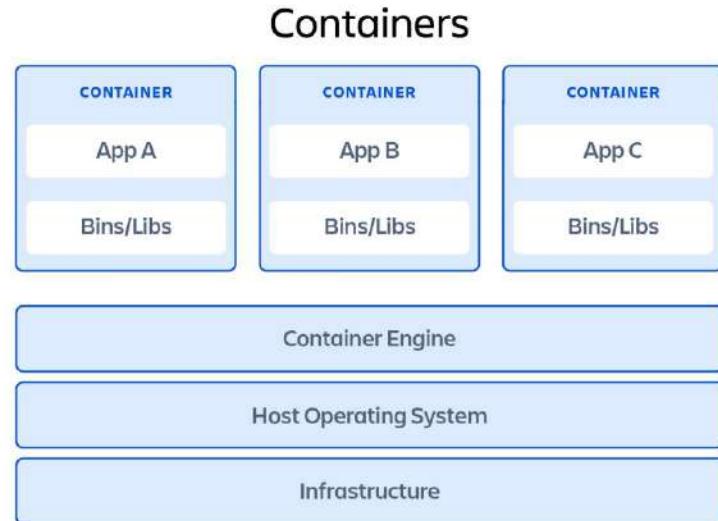
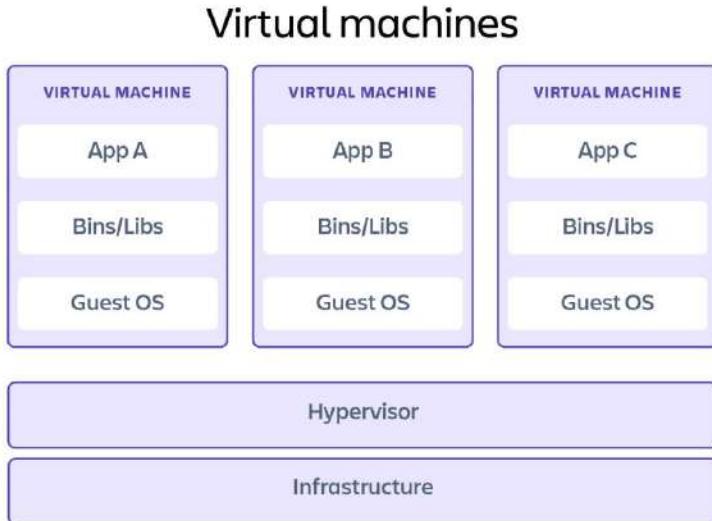
Thank  
you!

Re-runnable  
code is all  
you need

RSE@ETHZ  
Meetup 2024/11

# Backup slides

# Infrastructure



# Introduction: Terminology

According to [1], research code should ...

1. **Re-runnable:** be executable.
2. **Repeatable:** produce the same result more than once.
3. **Reproducible:** allow an investigator to reobtain the published results.
4. **Reuseable:** be easy to use, understand and modify.
5. **Replicable:** act as an available reference for any ambiguity in the algorithmic descriptions of the article.

[1] Benureau, F. C., & Rougier, N. P. (2018). Re-run, repeat, reproduce, reuse, replicate: transforming code into scientific contributions. *Frontiers in neuroinformatics*, 11, 69.

# Introduction: Terminology

1. **Version control:** Track changes and collaborate on code (Git).
2. **Package management:** Install and manage software libraries (pip).
3. **Environment management:** Ensure consistent software environments (devbox).
4. **Containerization:** Isolate software and dependencies (Docker).
5. **Workflow automation:** Automate repetitive tasks (GitHub Actions).
6. **Configuration management:** Maintain consistent software settings (Ansible).
7. **Infrastructure as Code (IaC):** Code-based infrastructure setup. (Terraform).

# Introduction: Evaluating tools

Key factors for selecting an environment management tool:

- **Ease of Use:** Simple setup, intuitive commands, and minimal learning curve.
- **Integration with Version Control:** Seamless syncing with tools like Git.
- **Cross-Platform Compatibility:** Consistent behavior across macOS, Windows (WSL), and Linux.
- **Dependency Compatibility:** Supports diverse libraries and tools without conflicts.
- **Offline Usability:** Fully functional without internet access.
- **Performance:** Efficient resource usage; scales with project complexity.
- **Cost Efficiency:** Low or manageable costs for setup and maintenance.

# Devbox vs. Dockerfile

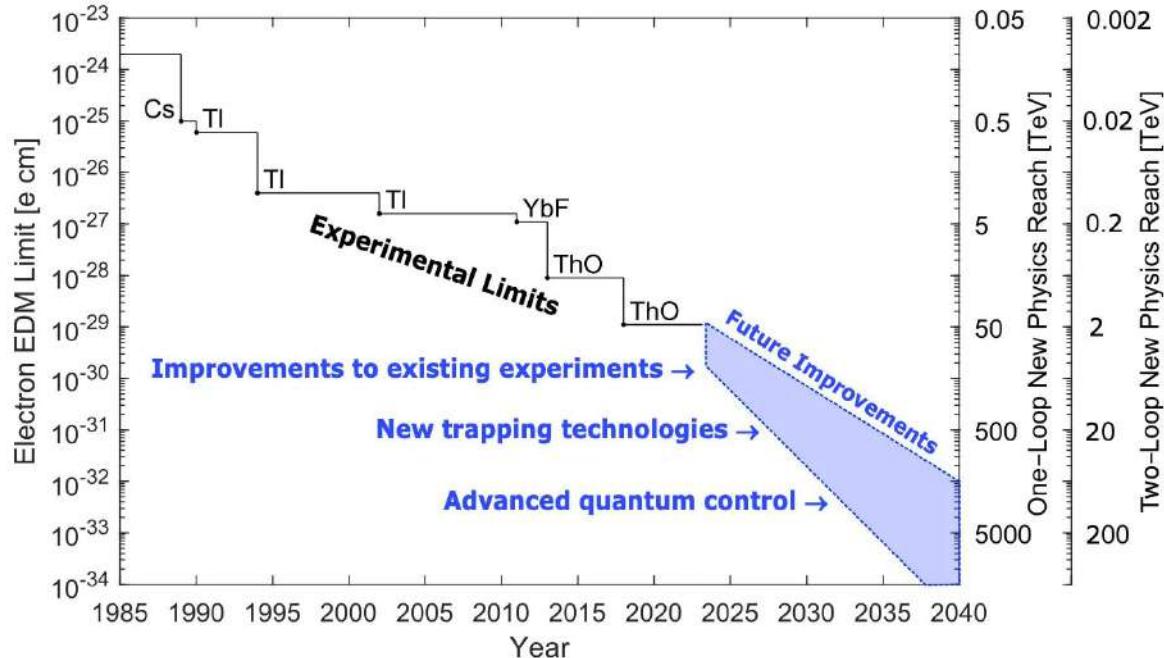
## Dockerfile

- Uses linux namespaces, with a linux VM on Windows / Mac
- *FROM* base package
  - Use package manager
  - Add packages
- Produces a docker image with all binaries
- Ready-to use application

## Devbox

- Uses the system shell and packages compiled for the system
- Installs packages in sub-directories of */nix*
- Produces *devbox.json* and *devbox.lock* with references to installed packages
- Ready-to use development environment

# Experiment: Testing the Standard Model with cold atoms vs. colliders



Upper bound on the electron EDM over time, shown with the corresponding energy scale needed to observe new physics based on one-loop and two-loop effects. For comparison, colliders at CERN currently achieve a maximum collision energy of [13 TeV](#) [2].

[2] Chupp, T. E., Fierlinger, P., Ramsey-Musolf, M. J., & Singh, J. T. (2019). Electric dipole moments of atoms, molecules, nuclei, and particles. *Reviews of Modern Physics*, 91(1), 015001.

# Case Studies

## Real-life examples

- [github.com/c4dt/rse.epfl.ch](https://github.com/c4dt/rse.epfl.ch)
  - Used by other members of EPFL
  - Hugo and rclone (plus some others)
  - Configuration for log-in is local and not in github...
- [github.com/ineiti/fledger](https://github.com/ineiti/fledger)
  - Student project based on rust
  - Complete rust environment, including wasm
  - Docker-image generation

# rse.epfl.ch - goals

Our local RSE page:

- Using hugo
  - need the correct version
  - install the theme (git submodule)
  - let the user call hugo
- Pushing using rclone
  - Configuration of passwords is local
- Don't forget the README.md!

# rse.epfl.ch - hugo themes

```
{  
  "packages": [...],  
  "shell": {  
    "init_hook": [  
      "if [ ! -f themes/anake/theme.toml ]; then git  
      submodule init && git submodule update; fi",  
      "alias ls='ls --color'",  
      "alias ll='ls -l --color'"  
    ],  
  },  
}
```

# rse.epfl.ch - command line arguments

```
{  
    "packages": [...],  
    "shell": {  
        "init_hook": [  
            "if [ ! -f  
themes/anake/theme.toml ]; then  
git submodule init && git  
submodule update; fi",  
            "alias ls='ls --color'",  
            "alias ll='ls -l  
--color'"  
        ],  
        "scripts": {  
            "hugo": [  
                "hugo $@"  
            ],  
            "server": [  
                "hugo server -D"  
            ],  
            "update": [  
                "git pull",  
                "hugo",  
                "rclone copy public/  
ic-ftps:/rse.epfl.ch/"  
            ]  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# rse.epfl.ch - multi-line script

```
{  
    "packages": [...],  
    "shell": {  
        "init_hook": [  
            "if [ ! -f  
themes/anake/theme.toml ]; then  
git submodule init && git  
submodule update; fi",  
            "alias ls='ls --color'",  
            "alias ll='ls -l  
--color'"  
        ],  
    },  
}
```

```
"scripts": {  
    "hugo": [  
        "hugo $@"  
    ],  
    "server": [  
        "hugo server -D"  
    ],  
    "update": [  
        "git pull",  
        "hugo",  
        "rclone copy public/  
ic-ftp://rse.epfl.ch/"  
    ]  
}
```